AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q90372

Application No.: 10/552,740

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

(original): A <u>room temperature curable resin composition which comprises a</u>
 <u>hydrolyzable silyl group-containing oxyalkylene polymer</u>, a <u>reactive modifier and a curing accelerator</u>,

wherein the reactive modifier which is a hydrolyzable silicon group-containing acrylic polymer having a number average molecular weight of 5000 or more, obtained by copolymerizing the following monomer components (A) to (D): (A) at least one monomer selected from the group consisting of a hydrolyzable silyl group-containing monomer and a monomer having a functional group capable of undergoing introduction of a hydrolyzable silyl group, (B) methyl methacrylate, (C) butyl acrylate and (D) an alkyl (meth)acrylate in which the alkyl chain has 7 to 9 carbon atoms to obtain a copolymer, wherein:

in the reactive modifier, the content of the component (A) is 0.01 to 10 parts by weight, the content of the component (B) is 5 to 95 parts by weight, the content of the component (C) is 5 to 95 parts by weight, the content of the component (D) is 5 to 95 parts by weight, the total content of the components (A) to (D) is 50 to 100 parts by weight and the weight ratio of the component (C) to the component (D) is 0.5 to 2.0, and

wherein when component (A) is a monomer having a functional group capable of undergoing introduction of a hydrolyzable silyl group, the copolymer is reacted with a compound having a hydrolyzable silyl group to obtain the acrylic polymer.

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q90372

Application No.: 10/552,740

(currently amended): The <u>room temperature curable resin composition reactive</u>
 modifier according to claim 1, in which <u>component (A)</u> is a hydrolyzable silyl group-containing
 monomer.

- 3. to 6. (canceled).
- 7. (new): The room temperature curable resin composition according to claim 1, in which component (A) is a monomer having a functional group capable of undergoing introduction of a hydrolyzable group.